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**United Nations Development Programme
Project Document for Adaptation Planning / NAP (National Adaptation Plan) projects
financed by the Green Climate Fund (GCF)**

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| Project title: Sector driven National Adaptation Plan (NAP) to advance medium- and long-term adaptation planning in Uzbekistan | |
| Country: Uzbekistan | |
| Implementing Partner: UNDP | Management Arrangements: Direct Implementation Modality (DIM) |
| UNDAF/Country Programme Outcome: By 2020, rural population benefit from sustainable management of natural resources and resilience to disasters and climate change | |
| UNDP Strategic Plan Output: 2.3.1 Data and risk-informed development policies, plans, systems and financing incorporate integrated solutions to reduce disaster risks, enable climate change adaptation and mitigation, and prevent crisis | |
| UNDP Social and Environmental Screening Category: EXEMPT | UNDP Gender Marker for the project output: 2 |
| Atlas Project ID (formerly Award ID): 00104259 | Atlas Output ID (formerly Project ID): 00105927 |
| UNDP-GEF PIMS ID number: 5977 | GCF ID number: NA |
| Planned start date: 1 February 2020 | Planned end date: 31 July 2022 |
| PAC meeting date: 3 December 2019 | |
| Brief project description: | |

The proposed project will enable the Republic of Uzbekistan to integrate climate change adaptation requirements into developmental planning and processes.

Although extensive environmental legislation exists in Uzbekistan, it only marginally covers protection of the climate system and mainly focuses on clean air. Despite recent assessments and risk analyses that have been undertaken in identifying vulnerable regions and economic sectors to the effects of climate change, no framework exists to date on climate change adaptation, nor climate change at large. Uzbekistan's NDC, submitted in 2017, outlines the country's planning process to strengthen adaptation and mitigation actions. This falls short of spelling out a detailed National Adaptation Plan, but includes identification of political measures, implementation of climate actions, development of scientific research and education as priorities.

The poorest population of Uzbekistan lives in the most arid parts of the country, is dependent on subsistence agriculture, and is facing increased vulnerability to changes in climate conditions and natural resources availability. Given this, the government has recognized the urgent need for climate change adaptation measures.

The proposed project, as part of Uzbekistan's response to address the above challenges, has as its objective to advance the adaptation planning process for priority climate-sensitive sectors and regions in Uzbekistan. It will accomplish this via achieving the following three outcomes:

Outcome 1: The coordination mechanism for multi-sectoral adaptation planning and implementation at different levels is strengthened

This outcome seeks to identify barriers to integration of climate change adaptation into development planning and budgeting, and subsequently build capacity of key stakeholders to effectively plan for and monitor adaptation in Uzbekistan.

Outcome 2: The evidence base for adaptation planning is strengthened and adaptation is prioritized into national and sectoral planning and budgeting

This outcomes seeks to consolidate existing climate information, and put in place a system for science-backed, economic analysis of adaptation options, to enable informed decision making in climate change adaptation in the country.

Outcome 3: An adaptation financing and investment strategy for Uzbekistan is developed

This outcome seeks to identify options to sustainably finance the NAP process in Uzbekistan, and engage the private sector in supporting adaptation.

The main beneficiaries of GCF financing support will be the Center of Hydrometeorological Services (Uzhydromet) under the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan as well as stakeholders from 5 key sectors (agriculture, water, health, housing and emergency management) and provincial governments in the three target provinces of this project (Karakalpakstan, Bukhara and Khorezm).

By aligning itself with the government's National Strategy on Sustainable Development (NSSD), focusing on strengthening existing systems and mechanisms such as the State Development Programme and cooperating with the National Project Management Agency, this project aims to be both incremental and sustainable. With the inclusion of stakeholder representatives from vulnerable populations, including women and indigenous people, it is designed to be inclusive and participatory.

Gender inclusiveness is at the center of the NAP process. The proposal highlights the need for gender mainstreaming in climate change adaptation planning and budgeting and recognizes that adaptation cannot be

successful without the involvement of all Uzbeks, particularly women. During the implementation process, gender concerns will be brought to the forefront through all three of the project outcomes.


FINANCING PLAN

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| GCF grant | USD 1,611,944 |
| UNDP TRAC resources | USD - |
| Cash co-financing to be administered by UNDP | USD - |
| (1) Total Budget administered by UNDP | USD 1,611,944 |

PARALLEL CO-FINANCING (all other co-financing (cash and in-kind) administered by other entities, non-cash co-financing administered by UNDP)

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| UNDP | USD - |
| Government | USD - |
| (2) Total co-financing | USD - |
| (3) Grand-Total Project Financing (1)+(2) | USD - |

SIGNATURES

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| <p>Signature:</p> <p>Ms. Matilda Dimovska </p> <p>UNDP Resident Representative in Uzbekistan</p> | <p>Agreed by UNDP as the Delivery Partner</p> | <p>Date/Month/Year:</p> <p><i>12 February 2020</i></p> |
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